

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of last issue: -Date of first issue: 2020-07-01

#### **SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

Product name : VJ-MS31-MA1000U / VJ-MS31-MA440U / VJ-MS31-MA220U

#### Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MUTOH AUSTRALIA PTY. LTD.

Address : Unit 19/76 Reserve Road, Artarmon, NSW 2064, Australia

Contact section : admin@mutoh-au.com or +61 2 9437 1366

Telephone : +61 2 94371366

Emergency telephone number: Emergency phone number (business hours): +61 2 9437 1366

### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Digital Printing

#### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### **GHS Classification**

Flammable liquids : Category 4

Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Category 2A

Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B

### **GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms :





Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H227 Combustible liquid.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging

fertility.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention:** 

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No

smoking.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/

face protection.

P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.



P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

attention.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/

attention.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/

attention.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Storage:

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

#### **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Diethylene Glycol Methyl Ethyl Ether	1002-67-1	>= 30 - < 60
Bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether	112-36-7	>= 10 - < 30
Bis(2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl) ether	143-24-8	>= 10 - < 30
Propylene carbonate	108-32-7	< 10
Gamma-Butyrolactone	96-48-0	>= 1 - < 3

#### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

General advice In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice

immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for

at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and

shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. If swallowed

Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and:

effects, both acute and

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

delayed

May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.



Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and

use the recommended personal protective equipment when the

potential for exposure exists.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

#### **SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

Specific hazards during

firefighting

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

fire.

Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion

products

Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing

methods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local

circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment:

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

#### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Remove all sources of ignition.
Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment

recommendations.

Environmental precautions : Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil

barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot

be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Non-sparking tools should be used. Soak up with inert absorbent material.

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray

jet.

For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed



in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which

regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

#### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : Use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.

Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure

assessment.

Keep container tightly closed.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Hygiene measures : Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are

located close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labelled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

#### **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

## Components with workplace control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

**Engineering measures** : Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

Use with local exhaust ventilation.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust

ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines.

Filter type : Combined particulates and organic vapour type

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on

the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications,



we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection. Wash hands before breaks and at

the end of workday.

Wear the following personal protective equipment: Eye protection

Safety goggles

Skin and body protection Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical

resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure

potential.

Wear the following personal protective equipment:

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing, unless assessment demonstrates that the risk of explosive atmospheres or flash

fires is low

Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective

clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

### **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**Appearance** liquid

Colour magenta

Odour slight

Odour Threshold No data available

Hq No data available

Melting point/freezing point No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling:

range

No data available

 $>= 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Flash point

Method: Seta closed cup

Evaporation rate No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable

Flammability (liquids) No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper :

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower :

flammability limit

No data available

No data available Vapour pressure

Relative vapour density No data available

Density 0.9 - 1.1 g/cm3

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility soluble

Solubility in other solvents: soluble

Solvent: organic solvents



Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : The substance or mixture is not classified self-reactive.

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Particle size : Not applicable

#### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Combustible liquid.

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

#### **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Exposure routes : Inhalation

Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

**Acute toxicity** 

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

**Components:** 

**Diethylene Glycol Methyl Ethyl Ether:** 

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4,970 mg/kg

Bis(2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl) ether:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 3,850 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 11 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403



Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Propylene carbonate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

**Gamma-Butyrolactone:** 

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,582 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

#### **Components:**

### **Diethylene Glycol Methyl Ethyl Ether:**

Result: Skin irritation

## Bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether:

Result: Skin irritation

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Bis(2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl) ether:

Species: Rabbit

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Result: No skin irritation

## Propylene carbonate:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

### **Gamma-Butyrolactone:**

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

## Components:

### **Diethylene Glycol Methyl Ethyl Ether:**

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

### Bis(2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl) ether:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

### Propylene carbonate:



Species: Rabbit

Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

### **Gamma-Butyrolactone:**

Species: Rabbit

Result: Irreversible effects on the eye Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

#### Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

#### Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

## Diethylene Glycol Methyl Ethyl Ether:

Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Exposure routes: Skin contact

Species: Mouse

Method: OECD Test Guideline 429

Result: negative

### Bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether:

Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Exposure routes: Skin contact

Species: Mouse

Method: OECD Test Guideline 429

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

#### Bis(2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl) ether:

Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Exposure routes: Skin contact

Species: Mouse

Method: OECD Test Guideline 429

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### **Gamma-Butyrolactone:**

Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Exposure routes: Skin contact

Species: Mouse

Method: OECD Test Guideline 429

Result: negative

### **Chronic toxicity**

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

## **Components:**

### Diethylene Glycol Methyl Ethyl Ether:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials



Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell

mutagen.

Bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bis(2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl) ether:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in

mammalian cells Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Propylene carbonate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

**Gamma-Butyrolactone:** 

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative



### Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

### Propylene carbonate:

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Skin contact

Exposure time: 2 Years

Result: negative

### **Gamma-Butyrolactone:**

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 103 weeks

Result: negative

### Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

### Components:

## Diethylene Glycol Methyl Ethyl Ether:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

### Bis(2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl) ether:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 421

Result: positive

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: positive



Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity -

Assessment

Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments., Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments.

Propylene carbonate:

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat, female Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

**Gamma-Butyrolactone:** 

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

#### **STOT-single exposure**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

**Gamma-Butyrolactone:** 

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

### Bis(2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl) ether:

Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentraions of 100 mg/kg bw or less.

### Repeated dose toxicity

### **Components:**

## Diethylene Glycol Methyl Ethyl Ether:

Species: Rat NOAEL: 250 mg/kg

Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 90 Days

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

#### Bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether:

Species: Rat NOAEL: 2.49 mg/l

Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time: 4 Weeks

Method: OECD Test Guideline 412

## Bis(2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl) ether:



Species: Rat NOAEL: 250 mg/kg

Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 28 Davs

Method: OECD Test Guideline 407

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials.

### Propylene carbonate:

Species: Rat

NOAEL: > 5,000 mg/kg**Application Route: Ingestion** Exposure time: 90 Days

#### **Gamma-Butyrolactone:**

Species: Rat NOAEL: 225 mg/kg

Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 13 Weeks

#### **Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## **Ecotoxicity**

#### Components:

Diethylene Glycol Methyl Ethyl Ether:

Toxicity to fish LC50: > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50: > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC: > 1,000 mg/lToxicity to microorganisms

Exposure time: 3 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether:

LC50: > 10,000 mg/l Toxicity to fish

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50: 6,600 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic

Exposure time: 7 d

toxicity)

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EC10 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): > 1 mg/l

NOEC: > 1,000 mg/l Toxicity to microorganisms

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

## Bis(2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl) ether:

LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l Toxicity to fish

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 7,467 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h



Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 8,996

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 2,871

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chronic

toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms EC10: > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Propylene carbonate:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae : ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 900 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): 25,619 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h

**Gamma-Butyrolactone:** 

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 56 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 500 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 500 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 31.25 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms IC50: 4,518 mg/l

Exposure time: 40 h

Persistence and degradability

**Components:** 

Diethylene Glycol Methyl Ethyl Ether:

Biodegradability Result: Not readily biodegradable.

> Biodegradation: 0 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether:

Result: Not readily biodegradable. Biodegradability



Biodegradation: 0 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Bis(2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl) ether:

Biodegradability : Result: Inherently biodegradable.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Propylene carbonate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 87.7 % Exposure time: 29 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

**Gamma-Butyrolactone:** 

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 77 % Exposure time: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

**Components:** 

Bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether:

Partition coefficient: : log Pow: 0.39

n-octanol/water

Bis(2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl) ether:

Partition coefficient: : log Pow: -0.84

n-octanol/water

Propylene carbonate:

Partition coefficient: : log Pow: -0.41

n-octanol/water

**Gamma-Butyrolactone:** 

Partition coefficient: : log Pow: -0.566

n-octanol/water

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

#### **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Disposal methods** 

Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous.

Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

## **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

International Regulations UNRTDG



Not regulated as dangerous goods

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as dangerous goods

**IMDG-Code** 

Not regulated as dangerous goods

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable for product as supplied.

**National Regulations** 

**ADG** 

Not regulated as dangerous goods

#### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or

mixture

Standard for the Uniform

Scheduling of Medicines and

**Poisons** 

Prohibition/Licensing

Requirements

: There is no applicable prohibition or notification/licensing

requirements, including for carcinogens under Commonwealth,

State or Territory legislation.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

Schedule 6

AICS : All ingredients listed or exempt.

#### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

**Further information** 

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data

Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency,

http://echa.europa.eu/

**Revision Date** 2020-07-01

#### Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances: ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DIN -Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide: GHS - Globally Harmonized System: GLP - Good Laboratory Practice: IARC -International Agency for Research on Cancer: IATA - International Air Transport Association: IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 -Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch -Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS -



Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.